

Name: _____ Date: _____

Chapter 18 Review Questions

IDENTIFICATION

Briefly identify the meaning and significance of the following terms:

1. Centennial Exposition _____

2. Central and Union Pacific Railroad Companies _____

3. J. P. Morgan _____

4. Andrew Carnegie _____

5. John D. Rockefeller _____

6. National Labor Union _____

7. Knights of Labor _____

8. American Federation of Labor _____

9. Thomas Alva Edison _____

10. Trunk lines _____

COMPLETION

Answer the question or complete the statement by filling in the blanks with the correct word or words.

1. The exhibit that attracted the most attention at the 1876 Centennial Exposition was the _____.
2. _____ described the locomotives as "Type of the modern-emblem of motion and power . . ."
3. The _____ first divided the United States into four time zones.
4. Many railroad speculators _____ their stock; that is, they distributed more stock than the value of their company's assets.
5. Financier _____ combined Carnegie's company with others to establish the United States Steel Corporation.
6. To centralize control of Standard Oil, John D. Rockefeller led in the establishment of the first modern _____ in 1882.
7. Between the 1850s and 1890s, the number of patents issued to inventors increased from fewer than _____ a year to _____ a year.
8. Sears, Roebuck and Montgomery Ward started as _____ businesses.

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Circle the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. The 1876 Centennial Exposition focused mainly on
 - a. American history.
 - b. transportation.
 - c. popular culture.
 - d. art and literature.
 - e. machinery.
2. Which of the following did not contribute significantly to American industrialization of the late nineteenth century?
 - a. abundant resources
 - b. rapid population growth
 - c. international free trade
 - d. investor confidence
 - e. none of the above.
3. Which of the following lists industrial developments in proper chronological order?
 - a. the completion of the first transcontinental railroad, formation of the first trust, formation of U.S. Steel Corporation
 - b. the formation of U.S. Steel Corporation, formation of the first trust, completion of the first transcontinental railroad
 - c. the formation of the first trust, completion of the first transcontinental railroad, formation of U.S. Steel Corporation
 - d. none of the above
 - e. the completion of the first transcontinental railroad, formation of the US Steel Corporation, formation of the first trust.
4. Which of the following industries was not transformed by a nineteenth-century invention by either Alexander Graham Bell or Thomas Alva Edison?
 - a. communications
 - b. power
 - c. entertainment
 - d. textiles
 - e. none of the above.
5. Why did trusts form in the late nineteenth century?
 - a. to increase efficiency
 - b. to reduce costs
 - c. to decrease competition
 - d. to increase the supply of capital
 - e. to address merchant concerns.
6. The Bessemer process transformed the steel industry because it
 - a. required less capital.
 - b. used far less labor.
 - c. produced more durable steel.
 - d. used cheap ore.
 - e. used revolutionary machinery.

14. Which of the following best describes the Knights of Labor?

- a. a union of producers aimed at making each man his own employer
- b. a union of producers aimed only at improving wages and working conditions
- c. a federation of industrial unions aimed at making each man his own employer
- d. a federation of craft unions aimed only at improving wages and working conditions
- e. none of the above.

15. The Haymarket riot weakened the labor movement because it

- a. linked labor and anarchism in the minds of many people.
- b. demonstrated the ineffectiveness of unions.
- c. revealed the violent nature of unions.
- d. initiated the use of court injunctions against strikes.
- e. began the connection between unions and organized crime.